PINANCIAS.

GOOD INVESTMENT. PROPOSALS SOLICITED FOR \$250,000 OF PATER SON (N. J.) CITY FUNDING BONDS, RUNNING ONE, TWO, THREE, FOUR AND FIVE YEARS, BEARING SEVEN PER CENT Interest, payable September 1 and

The funded debt of Paterson is only \$1,181,000. Assessed raluation of taxable property in 1872, \$22,000,000. Estimated real valuation, \$10,000,000. Annual increase of lebt limited to \$05,000.

Sealed proposals for the above bonds, with accrued interest, are solicited, to be addressed, "William Swinburne, Gomptroller, Paterson N. J.," and endorsed, "Froposals for Funding Bonds," and to be received on Monlay, March 10, 1873, at 20 clock P. M., at the City Hall, raterson, at which time and place said proposals will be publicly opened by the Comptroller and the Department of Finance.

The right to accept or reject any or all proposals, in whole or in part, is reserved. Parties must be ready to take the bonds within one week after acceptance of processident Board of Aldermen and of Department of Finance. WM. SWINBURNE, Comptroller. PATERSON, N. J., Feb. 21, 1873.

A UGUST BELMONT & CO.,
Bankers, 19 and 21 Nassau street,
sue Travellers' Oredits, available in all parts of the
orid, through the
Messra DE ROTHSCHILD

and their correspondents.

Also Commercial Credits and transfers of money on California, Europe and Havana. A TLANTIC SAVINGS BANK, CHATHAM SQUARE and New Bowery.

Money deposited on or before March 1 draws interest from that date.

This oank has a guarantee fund of \$195,722 25, being a surelux annual to mine per cent aloye all its liabilities. Burplus equal to mine per cent above all its inabilities.

HARRISON HALL, President.

C. D. Bailey, Treas. JOSEPH P. GOOPER, Secretary

A —CONTRACTORS, MERCHANTS AND BUSINASS, men having Business Paper to Sell or Discount, and having First or Second Mortgages or other collaterals to piedge as security on the same, can be accommutated with all the Ready Cash required at lowest market rates. Address MERCHANT, box 117 Herald Up Town Branch office. BANKING OFFICE OF FISK & HATCH.

No. 5 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK, Feb. 28, 1873. THE CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO, THE CENTRAL AND WESTERN PACIFIC BONDS, all of which have and most desirable investment securities in the market, which in time must become very scarce, especially as the government will probably, during this year, pay off. in gold, \$300,000,000 more Five-Twenties, and a large amount of the money thus released from investment must find its way into this class of securities.

The CHESAPRAKE AND OHIO SIX PER CENT GOLD BONDS, the total amount of which is only \$15,000,000, are secured upon a property worth \$35,000,000 to \$40,000,000, and are fully equal in intrinsic value to the Central Pa cific Bonds. They are issued in denominations of \$100, \$500 and \$1,000, coupon or registered, and at their present market price, 87% and accrued interest, are very de-

THE CENTRAL PACIFIC SIX PER CENT GOLD BONDS are too well known to require description or commendation. Their total amount is \$25,885,006. They have for a long time ranged in market price near or above par. Their market price to-day is 104 a 104%.

THE WESTERN PACIFIC SIX PER CENT GOLD BONDS amount to \$2,735,000. This road is now consolidated with the Central Pacific, and the payment of its bonds principal and interest, is assumed by the latter. Coupon Bends, \$1,000 each. Their market price to-day is 91% a 95. As they have recently been introduced on the Stock Exchange we expect to see them rapidly rise to the price of Central Pacifics, being substantially the same

We buy and sell, as usual, Government Bonds, receive deposits, on which we allow interest, make collections and conduct a general banking business in all its FISK & HATCH.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
Interest computed from the 1st of each month, and is paid or credited on balance remaining in bank January I and July I of each year.
Present rate of interest SIX per cent.
Money deposited now will bear interest from March 1.
Bank 58 Bowery, southwest corner of Canal street, open every day from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and will remain open on Mondays and Saturdays until 7 P. M.
Bank Books in English, German and French.
Seymoun A. Bunce, Secretary.

SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, Secretary. L OANS NEGOTIATED ON RAILROAD SECURITIES and other approved collaterals.

JOHN B. MURRAY, 93 Broadway.

OFFICE ERIE HAILWAY COMPANY.
NEW YORE, Peb. 11, 1873. DIVIDEND.—The directors of this company have de-clared a dividend from the carnings of the road for the six months ending 31st December ultimo, of three and one-half per cent on the preferred stock, and also a divi-dend of one and three-quarier per cent on the common stock from the examines of the road for twelve months dend of one and three-quarter per cent on the common stock, from the earnings of the road for twelve mouths earning December 31 last, both payable on the 15th day of March next, at the office of Mesrs. Duncan, Sherman & Co., No. 11 Nassau street, to the registered holders of stock at the closling of the book.

The Transfer Books for both preferred and common stock will be closed at the close of business on Saturday, the lat day of March next, and remain closed until the morning of the 16th of March.

By order of the Board.

H. N. OTIS, Secretary

OFFICE OF THE ELIZABISTHTOWN AND PADU-cah Railroad Company, Louisville, Ky., February 23, 1873.—Coupons of the First Mortgage Bonds of this company, due Barch I, will be paid at the office of NOR-TON, SLAUGHTER 2 CO., H Broad street, New York. B DU PONT, President. THEASURY OF THE ERIE RAILWAY COMPANY, NEW YORK, Feb. 24, 1873. The Eric Railway Company beg to announce that in-terest on the funded debt, accruing and payable in New York on after the 1st day of March next, and dividends on the capital stock of the company, payable on and arter the 15th of March, will be paid at the office of Messrs. Duncan, Sherman & Co., 11 Nassau street. WILLIAM P. SHEARMAN, Treasurer.

TO INVESTORS,—FOR SALE, 150 SHARES IN ONE of the big sewing machine companies; compelled to sell. Address DIVIDEND, box 110 Herald office.

THE SEMI-ANNUAL INTEREST DUE IST MARCH, 1873, on the United States Court Receiver's Certificates of the Alabama and Chattaneoga Railroad will be said at the office of the New York State Loan and Trust Company, 22 Broadway. A limited number of these Ceruficates for sale at Wand interest.

WE HAVE MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY PROPERTY in sums to suit, from \$2,000 to \$20,000; also for the purchase of good Second Mortgages.

8AWARD & LEAVITT, 54 Wall street.

\$5.000 NEW YORK CENTRAL 6'S, 1887. FOR sale.—Price 92 flat; commission allowed. C. H. LE. BARON, 72 William street.

\$12.000. \$5.000, OR \$6.000 TO LOAN-ON IM-no bonus expected; with unit deal with brokers. OEORGE B, WALTON, 21 Park rew, after 11. \$20.000 WANTED-ON SECOND MORTGAGES, in all on valuation; only those staing the best rate for an unquestionable bondsman will please address MOMER, Herald office.

\$25,000 TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE, NEW vacant lots are offered a good inargin required. Address (confidentially) PRINCIPAL, box 2,635 Post office.

\$75.000. -SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOL-drst class improved New York city property. Apply at 71 Broadway, room 80. T. W. BURD. Counsellors at Law.

\$160.000 TO BUY FIRST AND SECOND Mortgages on wasant City Lots of improved City Property. HALL J. How, 12 Pine street.

NOTICE IS HERRBY GIVEN THAT JAMES SNOTgrass, Jr., retires by murual consent from the from
of John II. Wilcox 2 Co. from date, John II. Wilcox 1
ing solely empowered to adjust the affairs of the late
firm. JAMES SNOTHRASS, Jr.

JOHN H. WILCOX ASSOCIATES WITH HIM AS COpartner in trade from this day the undersigned, and
the bu-tness will be continued under the firm name of
"John II. Wilcox & Co.," at the old stand, WILCOX,
RALPH J. WRIGHT.
DATED NEW YORK CITY, March 1, 1873.

S. M. MILLS AND GEORGE H. STAYNER HAVE S. this day formed a copartnership under the firm name of S. M. Mills, for the transaction of a banking, stock and gold commission business, at 54 Broadway, in the city of New York. George H. Stayner, special partner. MARCH 1, 1873.

THE FIRM OF BLOOD 4 YOUNG IS THIS DAY DIS-adved by mutual consent. Either partner will sign in liquidation. NEW YORK, March 1, 1874. W. RICH'D YOUNG.

THE ATLANTIC AVENUE TUNNEL

E. D. Litchfield, as collector of the Long Island Railroad Company, is sueing Elias Howard and others in the Supreme Court to recover assess-ments for the closing of the Atlantic avenue tunnel. The case was tried some years ago, and plain-tif obtained judgment. The Court of Appeals, however, reversed the judgment, on the ground that the plaintif had not proved that a majority of the property owners had petitioned for the ciosing of the tunnel. The defence ciams that the Legis-jative act closing the tunnel was unconstitutional.

CUBA.

Amadeus' Abdication Announced to the Colonial Authorities.

Official Surprise and Hurried Consultation-The Council of Parties-The Great Fact Made Patent-Allegiance to Spain Under Any Form of Rule-"National Integritists" and Slavery-What is Thought of Minister Sickles' Diplomacy-Special Message to Madrid-Bulletins from the Field of Battle-The New Lean and Decline of Material Resources.

HAVANA, Feb. 22, 1873. Worcester, Admiral Green's flagship, firing a sainte in honor of Washington's Birthday, and the reply from the fortifications and German war vessels in port are sounding in my ears, and will awaken the wondering thoughts of many a Spaniard and Cuban to revert to the immortal founder of the American Republic. Cubans will think of their and struggling to establish their independence, and will imagine their leader Cespedes a second Washington. Spaniards will ponder over the new order of things, the Republic new proclaimed in Spain, and compare the new men and measures brought into view with the American revolution and its heroes. The recent changes will be the

COLONIAL RETROSPECT—AS IT WAS AND AS IT IS.
When the news reached this island of the elevation, on New Year's Day, 1871, of the Duke of Aosta (Amadeus) to the throne of the Spanish Cæsars as King of Spain no enthusiasm was displayed, nor even felt, in this city or elsewhere; ne particular manifestation of satisfaction was made by the people or press of the island. The situation was quietly accepted, but with the inward conviction in every Spaniard's heart that the dynasty would not last for a very long time. Therefore the news of the abdication by Amadeus of the crown of Spain has been received with the same indifferent calmness. The telegrams that brought the impertant intelligence were suppressed by the chief authority for over twenty-four hours, and after their purport leaked out were not at once made public. Something exciting appeared to have happened, and rumor was busy as usual. Knots of men could be perceived near the Palace, on the squares and wharves and in the streets discussing ing salutations of "Good day, citizen!" but the general feeling seemed to be one of doubt and the determination to await the development of events. When the telegrams announcing the abdication of the King and the

PROCLAMATION OF THE REPUBLIC were received by the Captain General a junta, or meeting, was immediately called at the Palace of the masters of the island—the volunteers—represented by their colonels and chief officers of the different battalions, and then His Excellency proceeded to divulge the unexpected news. All present declared their conformity in recognizing the new condition of affairs, and promised their fealty to the new government. The different journals of this city, before the telegrams were rumors concerning important political changes in Spain were in circulation, but advised their readers to await events, aveid useless political discussion, which served only to heat and inflame excited minds; and all, without exception, harped on the string of "national integrity," advising firmness and patriotic constancy and confidence in them-selves and the authorities. Evidently there was ome alarm felt in certain circles as to the manner in which the intelligence would be received. By tary on the 14th announced the abdication of the King and the lawful and peaceful proclamation of therities here, and the acceptance, in the name of the inhabitants of the island, of the government chosen by the Cortes, and then promised allegiance

. THE SOVERBIGNTY OF THE NATION. whatever the form of public powers which might be chosen; then, naming the personnel of the new government, he goes on to state that one of its first acts was to declare at any cost the sustainment of national integrity, and quotes the despatch of the Colonial Minister to the same effect.

Other telegrams have been received from the President of the National Assembly and ot authorities with the intention of inspiring conadence.

THE COLONIAL BEPLY OF ACCEPTANCE AND ALLE-

The reply sent from here to Minister Martos' tele-

The reply sent from here to almister Martos' telegram reads as follows:—

FERRUARY 17, 1873.

The loyal inhabitants of Cub., as well as the army, navy and the volunteers, are grateful for the assurance given them in the name of the Kational Assembly to maintain the territorial integrity. Inspired by the same sentiments of elevated patriotism as the President and the Assembly, all here are disposed to sustain the same integrity and to detend Spanish nationality without consideration of sarrifices of costs. tion of sacrifices or costs.

The telegram from the Colonial Minister, Salme ron, in which he refers to the reception of the United States Minister at Madrid and his wishes for the prosperity of the Republic, is also published

DEMOCRATIC SALUTATIONS.
Telegrams addressed to the principal authorities here have also been received from the republican clubs of Madrid, Santander, and other cities. UNITED STATES DIPLOMACY IN MADRID.

The Diario, referring to Mr. Sickles' interview, says it writes that name with repugnance, and notices the words of the Spanish Minister to the notices the words of the Spanish Minister to the effect that the nation's principal desire was the integrity of its territory. The Diario rejects the idea deduced by New York papers from the proclamation of the Republic that how the government would be disposed to cede Cuba, and asserts that the belief that General Sickies will be the tutor of the new government would prove a mistaken one. Added toall this, the Political Secretary, Alejandro G. Oilvares, was commissioned in hot haste, and despatched to the peninsula by the steamer of the 15th as the bearer of important documents to the government. Oilvares is a gentleman of advanced ideas, considerable administrative talent, having been governor of a province in Spain, and with republican tendencies. It can certainly be stated that he will not return, as he is net a favorite with the slaveocratic oilgarchy styling themselves "uncenditionals," as his feelings and opinions clash with theirs, he being strongly in favor ofpardoning and releasing from embargo the property of all those not strongly or actively compromised with the insurrection. The next steamer for Spain will probably take away another important member of the government here, the political Governor. It appears that in the haste and alarm engendered by the stirring news, when the Junta referred to was called by the Captain General, the former was not invited to attend. Taking oilence at what he considered a slight, but was evidently an act of lorgetniness on the part of the Captain General, he wrote a very offensive epishe to his Excellency, in consequence whereof he will have to take his leave.

New Extender of the Market Struation. effect that the nation's principal desire was the

he wrote a very offensive epistle to his Excellency, in consequence whereof he will have to take his leave.

INSULAR INTERESTS AND THE SITUATION.

The new order of things in Spain has not made any very deep impression on those who at present pretend to rule the island. They are too thoroughly convinced that all the efforts of Spain and its statesmen to rule the affairs and destinies of Cuba from the mother country have been unavailing. It must be confessed that the policy adopted in Cuba and the measures of those most interested here in the government of the island, are really the pressure brought to bear on Spain regarding Cuban affairs. There are many men of wealth and position here, who have hitherto been the proper of the continuance of slavery in the island, their money has had more weight at Madrid than pure, andefiled love of contry, and been the reason for many of the measures advocated for the island, and if anything arose which promised to be uniavorable to themselves and their interests steps were taken to prevent it. But all such opposition emanated from this side of the ocean. Money and power have always been the springs to sway the motives of those who make the laws for Cuba, and the slaveocracy here have been adroit in the use of these means. Witness the acts of their agent for several years at Madrid, Don Manuel Calvo, and the sums of money he was allowed to spend in order to obtain from the Zorrilia Ministry the assurance that the reforms—the technical name of government—would not be extended to Cuba. Spaniards in Cuba will, therefore, accept any form of government, and pretend ebedience to it, provided nothing be done to touch their interests, Many here are known as legitimists, Alfousists, and these

concerned, and the integrity, meaning integrity, meaning integrity, meaning integrity in the maintaining of SLAVEST, the meaning of ker

with the consequent measures of keeping the people of this island under the old **eform**. Your evaluation of the consequent the old **eform**. You whom he know to be sympathizer, or *Laborande**, about the new order of things in Spain. They spear to have no more faith in the Feorbillean government than they had in the monarchy. Their spain does not govern Guas, but that the slavery party in Cubs governs Spain, and that even the talented men at present composing the Ministry will not have sufficient power to Iree the Island they are they are the state of the

CHANGE IN CUBAN COUNSELS.

Rumored Appointment of New Representatives of the Insurgent Republic in This City—Sentiments of Disap-proval Among the Refugees. A report was current yesterday in Cuban circles

that the general agents of the Republic of Cuba in this city-namely, Mr. Ramon Cespedes, cousin of the President of Cuba of that name; Mr. Juan Maria Mayorga, and Francisco Aguilera-had been superseded by the following three gentlemen:-Messrs. Felix Govin, Carlos Castillo and General

The news was received with disfavor among all classes of Cubans, on account of the high popularity and eminent services rendered by the present three members of the agency, and Mr. Mayorga, in particular. It will be seen from the following description that the organization of a new board is impossible at the present moment, as Mr. Fellx Govin is an American subject, having claims against the Spanisk government, and refuses empirateally to accept the office, stating that no better men could possibly be found for the delicate and confidential work that has to be done than Messrs. Cespedes and Mayorga. General Quesada, now in Venezuela, residing with the President of that country, Guzman Blanco, is out of the question for the time being. Mr. Carlos Castilio, a former President of the Havana Savings Bank, is now resident in this city. The Cubans in this city would never, it is believed, in the present encouraging state of affairs, consent to entrust all their weighty interests in this city and country to a one-man committee. An official report from Mr. Mayorga on the subject is expected within a few days. classes of Cubans, on account of the high popular-

REAL ESTATE MATTERS.

Heavy Private Sales-"David Garrick"

Burchaser.
Usually the day after a big battle the forces engaged in the conflict take a rest for a short period. Thus it was among the buyers and sellers of real estate, who apparently expended their strength on the buge sale of the Carman estate the day before; consequently there was little or nothing done yesterday, at least at public sale.

A. Lustig, a real estate broker, disposed of one

A. Lustig, a real estate broker, disposed of one of the finest lots on Fifth avenue, lately the property of Mr. Jonas Sonneborn, a heavy land owner, to Mr. John Harper, Jr.. for \$125,000, for the purpose of building a first class residence thereon. This is situated on the southeast corner of Fifth avenue and Seventy-third street, directly in front of the Park entrance, and is without doubt one of the finest plots of grouna on the east side. The size of the property is 32x140 feet.

Another private sale of importance—at least to the purchaser, who, by the way, is the celebrated "Lord Dundreary" (Mr. E. Sethern)—was made yesterday by Mr. John McClave. This transaction consisted of four full lots on the southwest corner of West End (Eleventh) avenue and Eighty-seventh street, each 25x100 feet, the price paid therefor being \$25,000. Mg. Sothern's purchase on this avenue hast November, having turned out as successfully, has encouraged him to make still farther investments, and it is generally conceded that this last transaction is in reality a bargain. Mr. Sothern has now nearly fifty thousand dollars' worth of property on the west side, which is daily increasing in value.

Mr. McClave likewise sold yesterday three lots, 25x100 feet each, on the south side of 14sth street, 100 feet wast of Seventh avenue, for \$7,500 each.

STILL HARRASSING BOOY.

Sr. Louis, Mo., Peb. 28, 1873. The republican members of the Legislature have drawn up and signed a memorial to the United States Senate, setting forth a history of the late States Senate, setting forth a history of the late investigation of the charges of corruption in the recent Senatorial election, deciaring that the testimony taken was partial, untair and totally unsatisfactory; that some important witnesses were not brought before the committee, and that others were not thoroughly examined; that money was used in the Senatorial contest, and asking the Senate to order an investigation into the munner of the election of Louis V. Bars.

FOSTER'S FATE.

The Doomed Man Awaiting His End.

Strong Hopes of a Commutation of His Centence to Imprisonment for Life by Governor Dix-The Petition at Albany-Stokes in His New Quarters-The Grand Jury Think the Tombs is Clean, but Damp and Unhealthy.

The city was filled with rumors yesterday that Governor John A. Dix has manifested a disposition to grant a commutation of the sentence of William Fester, the marderer of Avery D. Putnam. Early in the day the rumors seemed to have had some oundation, and a great many people expected that Gevernor Dix would commute the con-demned man's sentence to imprisonment for life. Thirty or forty Protestant clergymen have visited the Governor during the past four weeks, and have besieged him night and day with prayers for mercy; but as yet he has proved obdurate. Foremost among the gentlemen who have sought to mitigate Foster's sentence has been the Rev. Stephen H. Tyng, Sr., and every effort has been made that was possible to secure that

the bereaved widow of the murdered man, at the solicitation of Mrs. Foster, wrote a which she stated that the death of Foster on the gallows would not in any way assuage the nusband. Mrs. Putnam also added in her letter time for repentance. Owing to the statements that have been made in the newspapers in regard to the action of evangelical clergymen who have been reported to have asked for a reprieve for the clergyman of high standing in this city, and rector of Trinity church, has found it necessary to state

of Trinity church, has found it necessary to state
that he did not sign any petition to Governor Dix
for the commutation of the sentence of Foster.

SEVERAL DELEGATIONS OF CITIZENS
have called upon the Governor and have urged
strenuously upon him the advisability of granting
Foster a commutation, believing, as they have
said, that a condemned criminal would be certain to do the State more service by laboring in
prison for twenty or thirty years than he could
possibly achieve by being hanged by the neck like
a dog.

prison for twenty or thirty years than he could possibly achieve by being hanged by the neck like a dog.

The news from Albany up to a late hour last night was not definite as to the Governor's intention in regard to the condemned man. The mixed delegations of citizens and clergymen who had visited the Governor were received very courteously, but no positive hope had been afforded them.

The Governor stated to them that the welfare of the Commonwealth and necessity of

THE RIGID ENPORCEMENT OF THE LAW demanded that Foster should die on the gallows in punishment for also offence. He added that, while having the greatest respect and consideration for the views put forward by the elergymen and citizens composing the delegations, he was frank to say that he could not agree with them in their views.

the views put forward by the elergymen and citizens composing the delegations, he was frank to say that he could not agree with them in their views.

A number of the citizens and clergymen who had affixed their names to the pelitions became explanatory at this stage of the proceedings, and stated that they had signed their names simply because they were opposed to capital punishment for any offence.

FOSTER IN THE COMPANY OF HIS WIFE.

From an early hour of yesterday morning Foster, in company with his wife, sat behind the big, red-hot belier stove in the murderers' corridor of the inner Tombs prison. During Thursday night he had slept well, and yesterday he at his meals regularly, believing that a reprieve would come for him. The Sheriff keeps two deputies in charge of Foster all the time. These deputies are changed every twelve hours—two for the night tour and two for the day tour. Those in charge yesterday until six o'clock in the evening were Deputies James Dunphy and Daly. The officers of the prison have behaved very kindly to Foster during his imprisonment, and every official in the Tombs, with the exception of one, has signed the petition for the commutation of his sentence.

MYSTERRIOUS GOOD NEWS.

The Rev. Stephen H. Tyng, Sr., visited the prisoner yesterday and imparted to him some secret intelligence which seemed to increase his spirits very considerably. The effect of this intelligence, whatever it may have been, was visible on Foster's face and in his actions during the day. Mrs. Foster, who has been a very devoted and noble wife to her husband during the darkest hours of his fate, seemed much more cheerful than usual after the visit of Dr. Tyng.

VISIT FROM THE SISTERS OF MERCY.

At half-past two o'clock yesterday afternoon two good ladies of the Order of the Sisters of Mercy visited Foster, and conversed with the doemed man and his wife for nearly an hour. Mrs. Foster sat with his back towards the south end of the prison and facing the stove. The Sisters of Mercy, but with a certain amount of res

directly opposite the stove during the interview, and effered all the consolation in their power. Foster talked to the Sisters of Mercy, but with a certain amount of reserve.

Keeper Matthew Daly said to the Herald reperter, while the Sisters were in conversation with the prisoner, "There never was a better behaved or more orderly man in the Tombs."

A young leilow, confined for ten days, who was chepping ice in the yard of the prison, echoed the opinion of the keeper, "He's a good man, Foster; he oughth't to be banged."

Dr. Nealis, the Tombs physician, said:—"I hope he will get a commutation; he didn't know what he was doing when he killed Putnam."

Waiting for tibinos from Albany that Governor Dix intended to commute Foster's sentence, and the probabilities are very slight that he will interfere with the execution of the law.

STOKES.

The Herald reporter found Edward S. Stokes walking in the yard of the luner prison, and spoke to him briefly. He was in the custody of Deputy Sheriff Shields. Since the decision of Judge Davis has been made Stokes is allowed to walk in the yard every day for exercise, and is now occupying his old cell, on the second tier, which is furnished with extreme neatness and cleanliness, but without any ostentation. Stokes is in good health, looking quite as well, if not better, than before his last trial. He appears to be in good spirits, founded on the general belief expressed by leading criminal lawyers of this city that the severe rulings of Judge Boardman against him will be overruled by the Court of Appeals, and that that high tribunal will grant him a new trial. When informed of the rumors that there was a possibility of a commutation of Foster's sentence, Stokes replied:—

"Well, poor reliow, I hope he will get a commutation. His fate is a very hard one."

THE GRAND JURY IN THE TOMB.

The Grand Jury yesterday made a thorough investigation of the Tombs prison. Eighteen members of the Grand Jury under their foreman, Mr. Deiavan, inspected all the cells and the corridors in the pr

notes.

The Tombs, like Venice, is built on plies, and has five feet of water floating around loosely in its foundations. Naturally this creates a malaria, and the bad atmosphere produced by this dampness is the cause of sickness and disease among the prisoners. All the officials, from the Warden down, are willing to see a new prison built in a more healthy location, and cannot be blamed for the hygiene of the Tombs, which is not under their

PANORMO'S ASSASSINATION.

Another Sensation in Brooklyn-The Confession of a Kings County Penitentlary Convict-The Crime of Murder Acknowledged-His Confession, in Which He Denies Killing the Music One night, in the latter part of January, 1872, Pre-

fessor Panormo, the Brooklyn music teacher, while on his way home from the house of a pupil, was felled by a blow from the hand of an assassin, and died from the effect of his injury the following day. From that time to the present the police have been on the alert for his murderer, and on two or three occasions they have been almost certain

THE GUILTY PARTY
was within their clutches,
A convict in the Kings County Penitentiary, who was convicted some months since for sneak thieving, and who is known by the name of John Sweeney, is suspected, from some remarks which he has made, of being the person who sent the Professor to his grave. He talked about having been out one night on a burglarious tour with some of his companions, and, by way of variety, knecked a man on the head with a heavy club

oncerning the affair. He said he did knock a man down and his companions robbed him of \$10, but he said it was in New York, and not in Brooklyn. He afterwards heard or read that a man died in the Believue Hospital, and he thought he might have been the man whom he

STRUCK ON THE HEAD.

It is said that no case of the kind, such as Sweeney describes, occurred in New York at that time, nor did say man die at the Bellevue Hospital from a wound on the head. It is, therefore, in-ferred that if Sweeney struck any man on the head it must have been poor Panormo.

THE TRIEF'S CONFESSION

is as follows:—

It must have been poor Panormo.

THE TRIEF'S CONFESSION

is as follows:—

A good many persons, no doubt, when they read this statement, will think I have acted very forbishly in thus becom mg my own accuser, and putting my head, as it ware, voluntarily and of my own tree will into a haiter, when, by remaining silent, I might have escaped so ignominious a fate, and nave gone forth again into the work in a tree man. But I doubt as to whether I would be this as it may, I care very little what people may say about me, and as to whether they think me a solomon or a fool, for in giving this to the public I do not aim at pleasing others, but my cwn conscience, shortly after my arrival in this country. I was arrested in Newark, N. J., on a charge of burglary. The evidence being pretty clear against me, I was sentenced, as were two others (who were equally as guilty as mysell), to the State's Jrison for the term of three years, after the expiration of which term I came to New York city, where I stopped with a triend of mine for some time. But, being desirous of doing something for myself, I left him and went in search of some employment. In this I was not very fortunate, as i met with

A GOOD MANY HAIDSHIPS

and disappoint for him and the way while wandering down wall street, I met a gang of men, who were after being employed at the Baitery to work en a railroad not air from Jersey City. I inquired of the person who employed them as to whether he needed any mere hands or not. He said yee, and it I wished I could accompany him, which I did. But being unused to such laborious labor, and being attenuated and encelbed from my former imprisonment, two forced to sive up, and I returned back again to New York. The next situation I got was commanded to the one. Yet, I didn't like to leave it until such time, to were after head of the good will of all parties. But, unfortunately for me, things didn't long remain an this favorable state, for

for me, things didn't long remain in this favorable state, for the control of the

as we were returning home after a muitiess effort on our part to get something to steal. I proposed to my companious that

we should not return altogether empty-handed. To this proposition they consented. No on we went until we came night not return altogether empty-handed. To this proposition they consented. No on we went until was the block above or below the church I cannot positively say; but I am conddent that it was either of those two that we turned into after leaving Broadway, and in which I committed the deed; for no somer had we got into it than I pronounced it to be a fit place to carry out our purpose, it being a lonely street and one which lew people traversed at the hours of nine and ten at night, which time it was, as near as I can remember, when we came into it. Here we waited for awhile, when presently I saw a man coming from the opposite direction in which we were going ourselves, and I told my companions to be in readiness, that I was going to hit him, and that when I would do so that I was going to hit him, and that when I would do so as be came near enugh. I did as I told them I would do, when they did also as I commanded them; after doing which we left him lying prostrate on the sidewalk. One of my companions took from him a small travelling bag, on breaking open which I found it to contain ten to twenty small packages of soap, made up in thi foll, much in the manner of five cent packages of chewing tohacco, from which I judged him to contain ten to twenty small packages of soap, made up in thi foll, much in the manner of five cent packages of chewing tohacco, from which I judged him to contain ten to twenty small packages of soap, made up in thi foll, much in the manner of five cent packages of chewing tohacco, from which I judged him to contain ten to twenty small packages of soap, made up in thi foll, much in the manner of five cent packages of chewing tohacco, from which I judged him to contain ten to twenty small packages of soap, made up in thin foll, much in the manner of the cent p

chown by the appellations of Scotty and Cockney. Two of them are in State Prison, but Cockney is at large.

Sweeney strongly protests that he knews nothing whatever about the murder of Panormo, and had nothing whatever to do with it, and the authorities have no positive evidence that he did. He was drunk at the time, and does not remember the date. He had no intention, he says, of killing the man he struck. Sweeney continues:—

When I got here I went into stealing. I fell in with the Silver Gang, as it is called. That was about four years ago. It is a sort of regular organization. I never knew them by any particular name, but they called thom that Silver Gang men. They used to hang out in the prist. They generally met at Mrs. Sterling's, in Greenwich street. Mrs. Sterling's, in Greenwich street. Mrs. Sterling did not receive stolen goods, except, perhaps, some of them made her a present once in a while. They always paid her for their accommodations in money. She didn't know they stole—at least she never a-ked any questions, and they never told her anything. There was about twenty in the gang. Some that wasn't good at stealing we used to let carry the goods. I was the leader of the gang. I don't know who leads it now. I don't believe any member of that gang had anything to do with the l'anormo case. It seems to me that must have been done by some of the Stonney gang, of which McLaughlia, who is now in Sing. Was one. Some of the gang I belonged to is at 30 Greenwich street, which is kept by some reliation of Mrs. Sterling, as I fearner from a long of the Storner is at 31 Greenwich street, which is kept by some reliation of Mrs. Sterling, as I fearner from a long of the same charge as 1 am. I think Gookney's real name is King, Wer we used to call Peter. Cassidy, who sued Captain Ferry for false imprisonment, I knew by the name of Bushley.

The statement of Sweeney has been sent to the District Attorney.

MARRIAGES AND DEATHS. Married.

EARLE—UHLER.—At Christ church, Tarrytown, N. Y., on Tucsday, Feb. 25, by the Rev. J. Seldon Spencer, rector, Walter B. Earle, of Yonkers, N. Y., to Josie C. Uhler, of Tarrytown. Ennewere—Duncan.—On Wednesday, February 26, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. Thomas Street, Nicholas Ennewere to Frances A., daughter of James G. Duncan, Esq., all of this city. No cards.

Force—Forsyth.—At residence of bride's mother, in Toledo, Ohio, by Rev. Dr. W. W. Williams, Dexter N. Force, of Orange, N. J., to Marion S., daughter of Mrs. C. T. Forsyth.

Ghour—Morrow.—On Wednesday evening, February 26, by Paster C. C. Norton, Mr. Edward Grout to Miss Emma Morrow, all of this city. No cards. Humphrey—Winant.—At Little Ferry, N. J., on Tucsday, February 25, 1873, by Rev. William Wells Holly, C. H. Humphrey, of Hartford, Conn., to Rosamond Winant, third daughter of Rosamond M. and the late A. B. Winant, of New Jersey.

Keane—Van Houten.—At the residence of the bride's parents, on Thursday, February 26, by the Rev. Charles W. Fritts, assisted by the Rev. Joseph Scudder, John H. Krane, of Glenham, to Alice, daughter of P. L. Van Houten, Esq., of Matteawan, N. J.

Ohl.—Canfield.—On Tucsday, February 25, 1873,

N. J.
OHL—CANFIELD.—On Tucsday, February 25, 1873, at Christ church, Enzabeth, N. J., by the Rev. Stevens Parker, John F. Ohl, of Philadelphia, to Virginia Q., daughter of the late D. W. Canfield.

Died.

BRIGGS.—On Thursday, February 27, WILLIAM BRIGGS, native of Galway, aged 61 years.

Friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 1,007 Third avenue, this (Saturday) alternoon, the 1st inst., at one O'clock. O'clock.

CAHILL—On Friday, February 28, 1873, Mrs.

ELLEN CAHILL, widow of Thomas Cahill, native of
county Tipperary, Ireland, in the 70th year of ner

age.

Her friends and those of her son, Michael Sahill, are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, No. 9 Columbia place, Brioklyn, on Sunday, March 2, at two o'clock. The memains will be interred in Flatbush Cemetery of the Holy

will be interred in Flatbush Cemetery of the Holy Cross.

CAIRNS.—On Friday morning, February 29, Mr. William & CAIRNS, aged 35 years.

The faneral will take place at his late residence, 27 Eighth avenue, on Sunday afterness, at one e'clock. The members of Excelsion Lodge, No. 195, P. and A. M., and the iraternity in general are invited to attend.

COLE.—In New York, on Thursday, February 27, of pneumonia, Dr. John Cole, V. S., aged 38 years. His relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral on Sunday afternoon, March 2, at two o'clock, from the residence of his brother-in-law, Wilmam De Vigne, No. 53 St. James place, Brooklyn.

COLGAN.—On Wednesday, February 26, 1873, Elens Bell, beloved wife of James Colgan, aged 36 years.

Colgan.—On Wednesday, Pebruary 26, 1878, Blein Bell, beloved wife of James Colgan, aged 38 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the uneral, on Sunday, March 2, from her late regidence, 30d Spring street, corner of Renwick street.

Dolan.—On Thursday, February 27, Charles Dolan, in the 63d year of his age.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 117

West Houston street.

Poughkeepsie papers please copy.

Downing.—On Friday, February 28, 1873, Anastrasia, the beloved wife of Edmund Downing, a native of Lismere, county Waterford, Ireland, in the 53d year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Sunger, and East Thirty-sixth street.

DUNSHEE.—On Friday, February 28, William K.

DUNSHEE.—On Friday, February 28, William K.

DUNSHEE.—On Friday, February 28, William K.

Carmansville, on Monday, March 3, at one o'clock. Carriages will be at the Carmansville depot on the arrival of the 12:30 train from Thirtieth street.

Relatives and friends are invited, to attend the funeral, from the arrival of the 12:30 train from Thirtieth street.

Relatives and friends are invited, to attend the funeral for the 12:30 train from Thirtieth street.

funeral, from the residence of his parents, 242 East Thirty-third street, this (Saturday) afternoon, lat-inst., at one o'clock.

DURANT.—Suddenly, at the residence of his nephew, C. W. Durant, 86 Madison avenue, on Fri-day morning, February 28, Clark DURANT, aged 79 years.

DURANT.—Suddenly, at the residence of his nephew, C. W. Durant, 88 Madison avenue, on Priday morning, February 28, Clark Burant, aged 19 years.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

Albany and Pittsfield papers please copy.

EARON.—In Brooklyn, E. B., on Thursday, February 27, after a short and severe liness, James A., youngest son of Hiram W. and Annie Eaton, aged 19 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, Sunday afternoon, at half-past two o'clock, from the South Ninth street Congregational church.

ELMSLIE.—On Priday, February 28, Robbert Audresson of James and Jean Elmslie, aged 1 year and 19 months.

Funeral services at the residence of his parents, 311 Van Boren street, Frooklyn, to-day (Saturday), March 1, at two o'clock P. M. precisely.

Firzparings.—Anniversary mass, on Monday froming, March 3, at ten o'clock, in St. Patrick's church. Kent avenue, Brooklyn, for the repose of the soni of the late paster, Iev. E. G. Firzparsion.

The relatives, reverend clergy and other friends are respectfully invited to attend.

Grames.—On Thursday, February 27, 1873, of congestion of the lunes, Nicholas Gramzen, aged 45 years, 8 months and 16 days.

Funeral to be held on Saturday, March 1, at one P. M., from his late residence, 1,533 Second avenue, corner Eightlicht street. Friends and relatives are respectfully invited to be present.

Harne.—Suddenly, on Friday, February 28, ELLA Maymale, youngest child of Amos P. and Roms F. Harnes, aged 5 months.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, on Sunday, March 2, at three o'clock P. M., from the residence of her parents, No. 954 Myrtie avenue, Brooklyn, John McIntyne, youngest son of John and Mary Ann Harriett Herton.

HUNT.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, February 27, at the residence of her daughter, 203 Keat avenue, on Sunday, at two o'clock P. M.

Jackson.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday evening, February 27, Feb

Sunday, at two o'clock P. M.

JACKSON.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday evening, February 27, PREDIE B., only child of Theodore F. and Cornelia B. Jackson, aged 9 years, 5 months and 12 days.

Funeral at the Reformed church, Bedford avenue, corner of Clymer street, Brooklyn, E. D., on Sunday, at three o'clock P. M.

KANE.—On Friday morning, February 28, Theodore, Coles of C. V. S. and Eveline T. Kane.

Funeral from the residence of his grandfather, John A. Dayton, No. 8 Larayette avenue, Brooklyn, on Sunday, March 2, at half-past two o'clock P. M.

LAGEY.—In Brooklyn, on Friday, February 28, Louis Frederick, cidest son of the late Frederick Lacky.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

LARMABRE.—in Brooklyn, on Thursday, February 27, HENRY L. LARMABEE, in the 3sth year of his age. The relatives and friends, the members of Hepe Lodge, No. 244, F. A. M., Corinthian Chapter; also the Society of Mechanics and Tradesmen, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at his late residence, 287 Warren street, on Sunday afternoon, at two o'clock.

Hoye Lodge, No. 244, F. AND A. M.—Brethren, you are hereby summoned to attend a special communication of Hope Lodge, No. 244, F. And A. M.—Brethren, you are hereby summoned to attend a special communication of Hope Lodge, No. 244, F. And A. M., at the lodge rooms, corner of Bleecker and Morton streets, on Sunday, March 2, 1813, at twelve o'clock, for the purpose of atending the funeral of our time worthy brother, H. L. Larrabee. Members of sister lodges, also the companions of Orinthian Chapter, No. 159, F. and A. M., are respectfully invited to attend. By order of EORGE E. FISHER, Master.

E. F. Sherdan, Secretary.

LEMCKE.—On Thursday, February 27, Henry, beloved son of Mary and Frederick Lemcke, aged 3 years, 8 months and 6 days.

Funeral will take place from the residence of his parents, on Sunday, March 2, at two P. M. All residence of funeral in to-morrow's paper.

LINDSLEY.—At Bloomfield, N. J., on Thursday, February 27, Manha Adousta Myers.

Notice of funeral in to-morrow's paper.

day, March 2, at two P. M. Interment in Calvary Cemetery.
O'NEIL—At Fort Lee, N. J., on Wednesday, February 29, Michael O'Neil, in the 60th year of his age.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectively invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, on Sunday, March 2, at twelve o'clock M. Boat leaves foot of Spring street at half-past ten o'clock A. M.
SAMPSON.—On Friday, February 28, Mrs. JANE SAMPSON, aged 78 years.
Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Sunday, atten o'clock A. M., from 21 East Twenty-second street.

Sampson, aged 78 years.
Relatives and friends of the family are respectively invited to attend the funeral, on Sunday, as ten o'clock A. M., from 21 East Twenty-second street.

Texas papers please copy.
Scull.—At Rahway, on Wednesday. February 26, Mrs. Almira Scull., wildow of Rev. Joseph Scull, of Easton, Md., in the 66th year of her age. Relatives and friends are invited to her funeral this day (Saturday), at three P. M., from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. D. Myers, St. George's avenue, Rahway.

Sixviers.—On Thursday, February 27, Cattaring, wife of James Sleviers, aged 39 years, a native of the parish of Drumellif, county Sigo, Ireland.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, 52 Prince street, this (Saturday) afternoon, 1st inst., at one o'clock.

Spickr.—On Wednesday, February 28, Elizabeth Spickr., widow of David Spicer, in the 56th year of her age.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, corner of Ilsh street and Second avenue, Monday afternoon, at two o'clock.

Thompson.—On Sunday evening, February 16, 1873, at Jacksonville, Fla., in the 56th year of his age, Aaron K. Thompson, of the firm of Thompson & Hunter.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral this (Saturday) morning, at the Reformed church, corner of Twenty-ninta street and Fith avenue, at eleven o'clock.

Thompson.—On Friday, February 28, 1873, at six o'clock P. M., Sorhia A. Thompson, in her 70th year.

Her friends and those of her brother-in-law flar and the funeral services, at 407 West Eighteenth. Street, this (Saturday) wening, at eight o'clock. Remains to be taken to Westbury, L. I.

Townssn.—At Funding, L. I. on Wednesday, February 26, James & Townsn.—At Findship, L. I. on Wednesday, February 27, after a hingering will be inventigated by the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his her residence, on Friday morning, Pebruary 28, 1873, after a short lilness, Le L

P. M.

WOLLEN.—In Brooklyn, E. D., on Thursday,
Pebruary 27, 1873, of scarlet fever, Maria Louise,
daughter of Charles H. and Margaret E. Wollen,
aged 4 years and 8 days.

WOLFRING.—On Friday morning, February 28,
MAXIMILIAN WOLFRING, aged 28 years.

The McClellan Association and the friends of deceased are invited to attend the funeral, from his
late residence, 47 Second street, on Sunday, March
2, at two P. M.

YOUNG.—In Brooklyn on Friday Pabraga.

2, at two P. M.
Young.—In Brooklyn, on Friday, Pebruary 25.
Florence, daugnter of Waldron and Abby Young, aged 21 years.
The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, 195 West Baitle street, Brooklyn, on Sunday attendors, March 2 at half-past two o'clock.

which he carried. These remarks came to the tare of the Loopers, and Sweener was questioned